

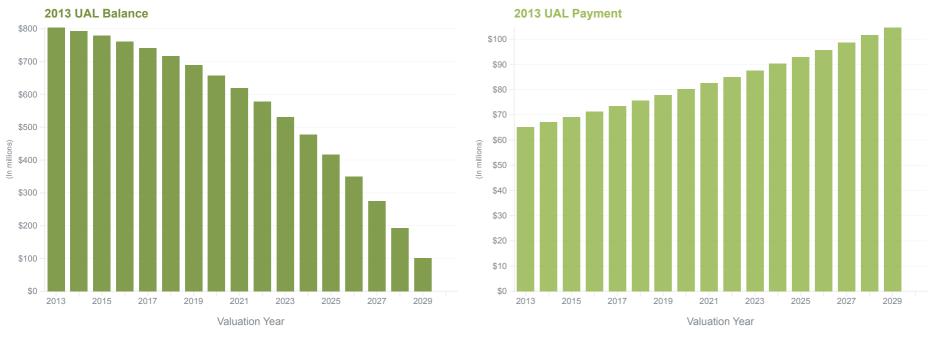
Santa Barbara County Employees Retirement System (SBCERS)

Funding Policy Discussion

We calculate the UAL amortization payment using the Plan's funding policy. In 2013, the entire existing UAL of \$803 million was scheduled to be amortized over a 17-year period. The remaining balance and payment schedules on this portion of the UAL are shown below. The UAL payments increase annually at the assumed payroll growth rate.



2013 UAL Balance 2013 UAL Payment

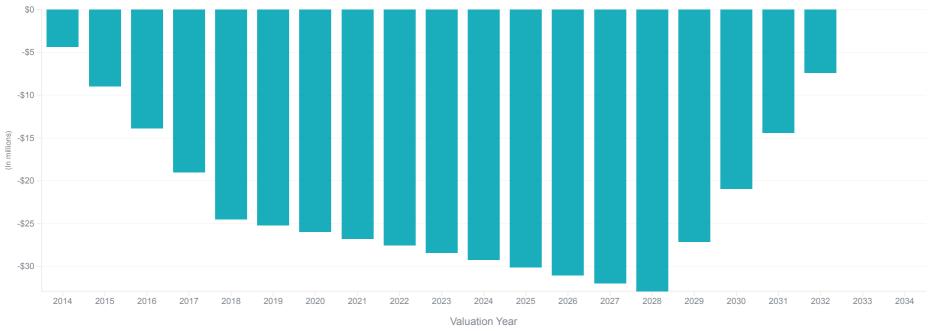




Beginning in 2014, new changes in the UAL are amortized over 19 year periods, with the payment schedules phased-in over a five year period, and then similarly phased-out at the end, with the interim payments continuing to increase at the assumed payroll growth rate. In 2014, there was an actuarial gain, mostly due to a favorable asset return of 15.0%.

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🛢 Total UAL Balance 🛢 Total UAL Payment 🛢 2014 Gain Bal 📄 2013 UAL Bal 🛢 2014 Gain Pmt 📄 2013 UAL Pmt

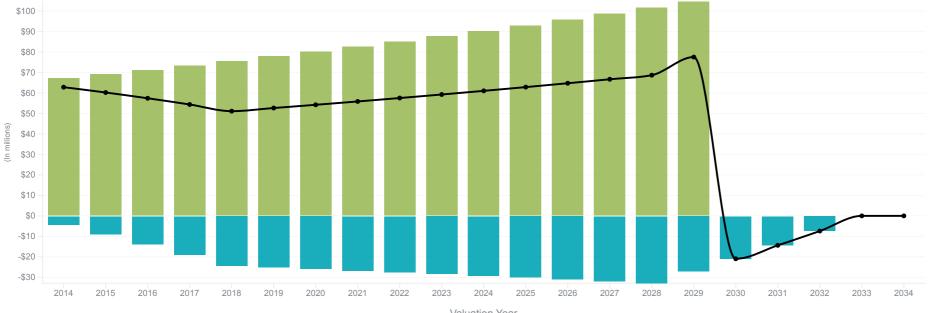




To get the total payment, we add the payments for each individual layer together. The black line represents the total UAL payment schedule as it existed in 2014.



e 🛢 Total UAL Payment 📋 2014 Gain Bal 📒 2013 UAL Bal 🛑 2014 Gain Pmt 🛑 2013 UAL Pmt Total UAL Baland

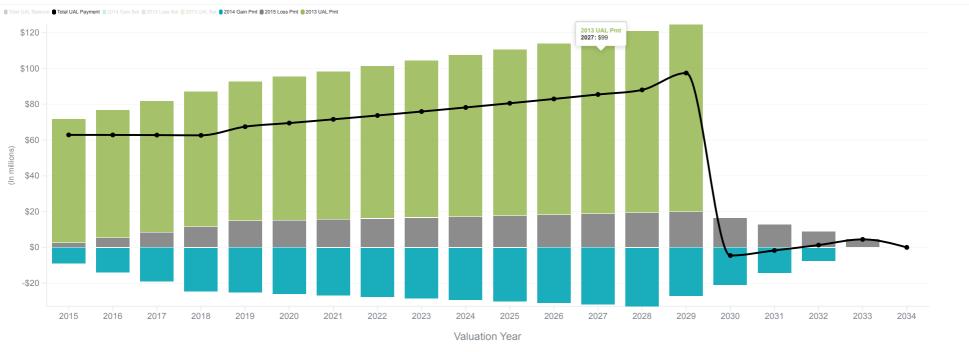


Valuation Year



Every year at least one new layer is added for the actuarial gain/loss. And if there are assumptions changes a separate layer is also added.

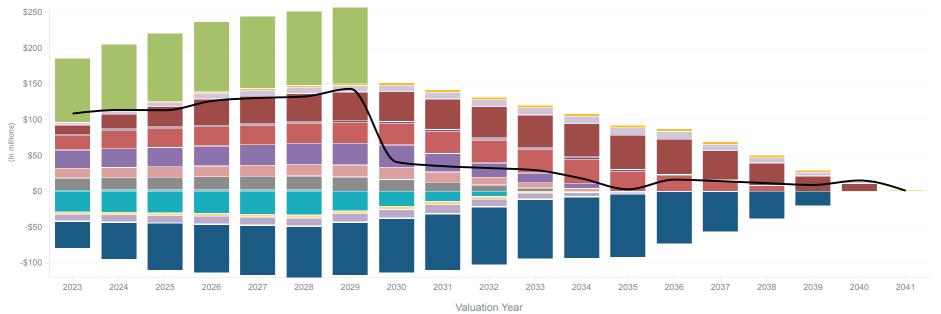










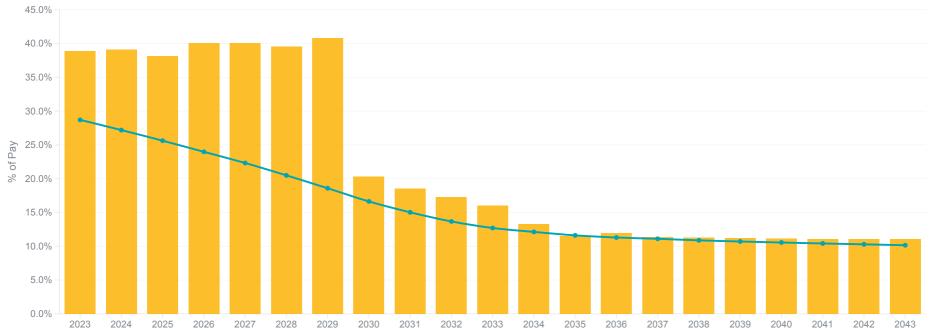




The purpose of a funding policy is to pay off the UAL over a sufficiently short period of time while trying to maintain stability in the contribution rates. The teal line, or the tread water level, is the contribution level where the expected UAL would remain unchanged. The area above the line represents the percentage of the contribution going toward paying down the UAL.

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Current Employer Contribution 🔵 Tread Water Level 🧧 Employer Contribution 🔵 Employer Contribution (No Cliff)

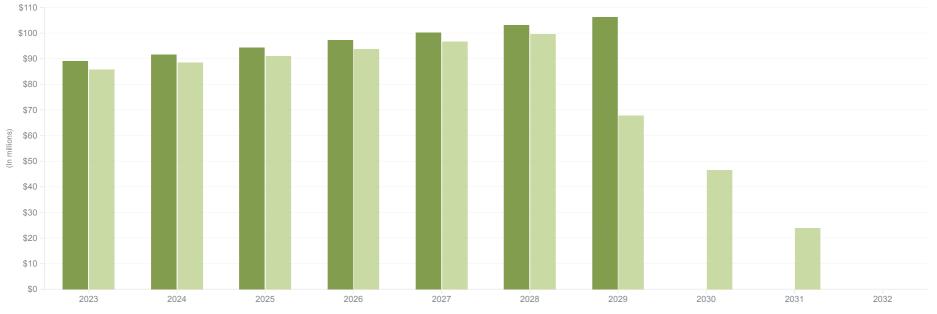




The Board has the authority to revisit the amortization policy at any time. An illustrative example of a minor adjustment to the existing amortization policy is shown below. The single 2013 UAL layer could be extended two years with a "phase-out" in the last three years, to lessen the contribution cliff.



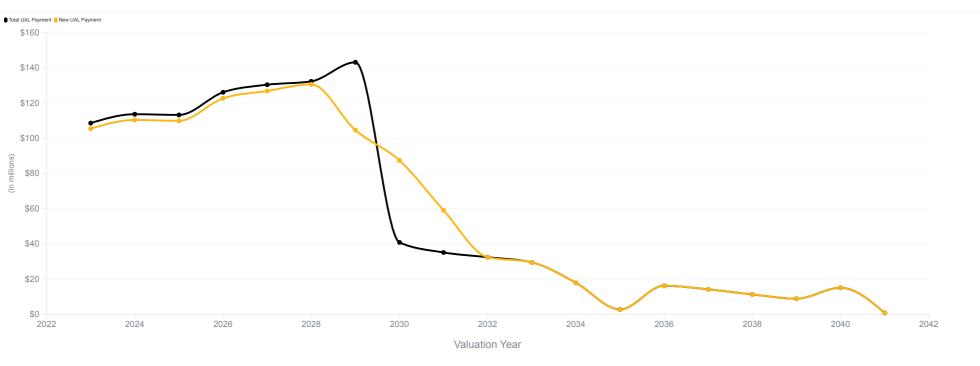
2013 UAL Payment 📋 2013 UAL Pmt (Re-amortized) 📗 2013 UAL Balance 📗 2013 UAL Bal (Re-amortized)



Valuation Year

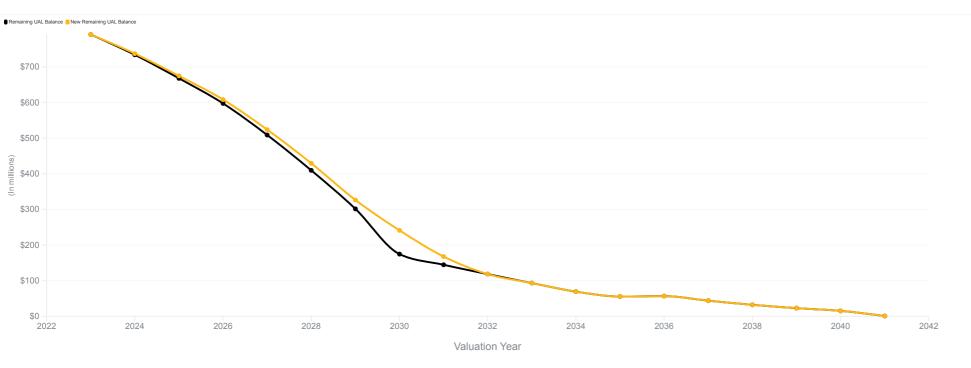












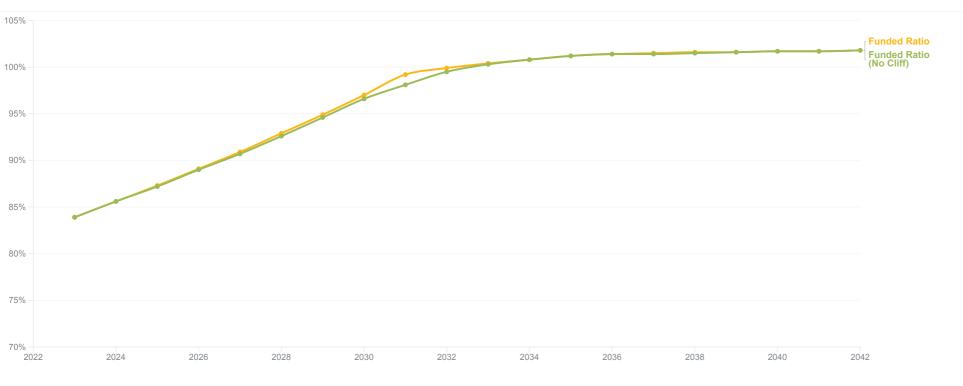


The adjusted amortization smooths out the contribution cliff with slightly lower contributions for the next six years, a more significant drop in 2029, and continued reductions in 2030 and 2031. The contribution level is still well above the tread water line.



Current Employer Contribution Tread Water Level Employer Contribution Employer Contribution (No Cliff) 45.0% 40.0% 35.0% 30.0% 25.0% Jo % 20.0% 15.0% 10.0% 5.0% 0.0%













Certification

The purpose of this presentation is to educate the SBCERS Board on funding policy alternatives.

In preparing our presentation, we reled on information (some oral and some written) supplied by SBCERS. This information includes, but is not limited to, the Plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an information is accordance with Advantal Standard of Practice No. 23. The data and actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in accordance with Advantal Standard of Practice No. 23. The data and actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified within this communication) will be desorbed in our June 30, 2023 actuarial assumptions used (unless modified wit

Future projections may differ significantly from the projections presented in this presentation due to such factors as the following: plan experience different from that anticipated by the assumptions; changes in assumptions; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Cheiron utilizes ProVal actuaria valuation software leased from Winklevoss Technologies (WinTech) to calculate liabilities and project benefit payments. We have relied on WinTech as the developer of ProVal and have used ProVal in accordance with its original intended purpose. We have not identified any material inconsistencies in assumptions or output of ProVal this valuation.

Projections in this presentation were developed using R-scan, a proprietary tooi used to illustrate the impact of changes in assumptions, methods, plan provisions, or actual experience (particularly investment experience) on the future financial status of the Plan. R-scan uses standard roll-forward techniques that implicitly assume a stable active population. Because R-scan does not automatically capture how changes in assumptions, methods, plan provisions, or actual experience (particularly investment experience) on the future financial status of the Plan. R-scan uses standard roll-forward techniques that implicitly assume a stable active population. Because R-scan does not automatically capture how changes in assumptions, methods, plan provisions, or actual experience (particularly investment experience) on the future financial status of the Plan. R-scan uses standard roll-forward techniques that implicitly assume a stable active population. Because R-scan does not automatically capture how changes in one variable affect all other variables, some scenarios may not be consistent.

To the best of our knowledge, this presentation and its contents have been prepared in accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards 0 Practices et out by the Actuarial Practices et out by the Actuarial Standards 0 Practices et out by the Actuarial Practices et out by the

This presentation was prepared for the SBCERS Retirement Board for the purposes described herein. Other users of this presentation are not intended users as defined in the Actuarial Standards of Practice, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any other user.